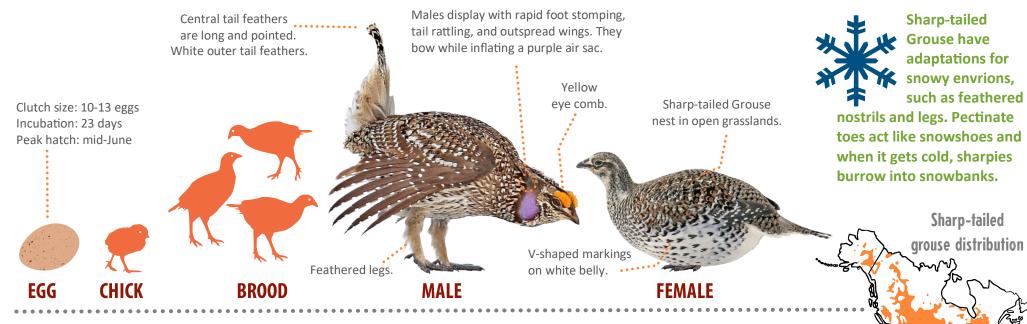
SHARP-TAILED GROUSE





What makes good habitat? Having easy access to food, water, cover, and space to support growth and survival.

A SHARPTAIL SMÖRGÅSBORD

Like other upland birds, insects are important to young broods. As adults, Sharp-tailed Grouse are primarily plant eaters. Buds, berries, leafy greens, and

seeds make up about 90% of their diet. Favorite wild foods include rose hips, wild plums, sumac, silver buffaloberry, and willow buds.



HOME, HOME ON THE RANGE

Sharp-tailed Grouse live in wide open grasslands mixed with tree and shrub cover. Males use short, grassy areas as communal lek sites or dancing grounds. Females nest in short to mixed grass cover, typically near shrubs and lead chicks to agricultural habitats for brood-rearing. Winter flocks gather in wooded riparian, wetland, and grassland areas. An individual needs at least 640 acres of quality habitat to

provide food and cover requirements. Much more space is required to support an entire population.



20 TIMES PER LEKKING MALES STOMP SECOND THEIR FEET RAPIDLY.



DAYS CHICKS HATCH WITH DOWNY FEATHERS AND ARE ABLE TO FLY IN A FEW DAYS.

Pheasants Forever is dedicated to the conservation of pheasants, quail and other wildlife through habitat improvements, public awareness, education and land management policies and programs.

TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE



1.) True / False: The Nebraska Sandhills provide quality grouse habitat.	
2.) True / False: Young Sharp-tailed Grouse are insectivores.	
3.) True / False: Both male and female grouse are "sharp-tailed."	
4.) True / False: Sharp-tailed Grouse rely on corn for winter survival.	
5.) True / False: Grouse chicks are flightless and featherless.	
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0 0 0 0	GOT HABITAT? Sketch nesting cover for the Sharp-tailed Grouse.

Image credits: 🐵 Doug Faulder, flickr.com/photos/dfaulder (male grouse); 🐵 👁 Rich Hoeg, flickr.com/photos/northstarnerd (female grouse)